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English Wikipedia has an article on:Wikipedia From Middle English manig, moni, from Old English manig, monig, monig *managu, *managī, from Proto-Germanic *managō, couple of, a few, a handful of, several; one; no, zero Hypernyms: multiple, various Hyponym: countless Not many such people enjoyed playing chess. There are very many different ways to cook a meal. 1864-65, Charles Dickens, chapter 15, in Our Mutual Friend: I did it in a moment of conceit and folly—one of my many such moments—one of my many such hours—years 2013 July 6, "The rise of smart beta", in The Economist, volume 408, number 8843, page 68:Investors face a quandary. Cash offers a return of virtually zero in many developed countries; government-bond yields may have risen in recent weeks but they are still unattractive. Equities have suffered two big bear markets since 2000 and are wobbling again. It is hardly surprising that pension funds, insurers and endowments are searching for new sources of return. before a countable noun: (in combinations such as 'as many', 'this many', 'thi have as many friends as my sister does. Many is used only with the plural of countable nouns (except in the comparative and superlative forms, which are more and most for both determiners. It was once common to use the indefinite article with many (very a many years ago), as it still is with few (a few good men). However, this has fallen out of favor except in formations such as "a great/good many." many A large, indefinite number of people or things. Many are called, but few are chosen. 1921, Ben Travers, chapter 4, in A Cuckoo in the Nest, Garden City, N.Y.: Doubleday, Page & Company, published 1925, →OCLC:By some paradoxical evolution rancour and intolerance have been established in the vanguard of primitive Christianity. Mrs. Spoker, in common with many of the stricter disciples of righteousness, was as inclement in demeanour as she was cadaverous in aspect. 1909, Archibald Marshall [pseudonym; Arthur Hammond Marshall], chapter III, in The Squire's Daughter, New York, N.Y.: Dodd, Mead and Company, published 1919, \rightarrow OCLC: The big houses, and there are a good many of them, lie for the most part in what may be called by courtesy the valleys. You catch a glimpse of them sometimes at a little distance from the [railway] line, which seems to have shown some ingenuity in avoiding them, [...]. many-to-many many-to-one one-to-many many (plural (rare) manies) many (comparative more, superlative most) Existing in large number; numerous. 2008 January/February, James Fallows, "The \$1.4 Trillion Question", in The Atlantic Monthly[1]:Let's take these fears about a rich, strong China to their logical extreme. The U.S. and Chinese governments are always disagreeing—about trade, foreign policy, the environment. Someday the disagreement could be severe. Taiwan, Tibet, North Korea, Iran—the possibilities are many, though Taiwan always heads the list. multiple, several; see also Thesaurus:manifold "many", in OneLook Dictionary Search. many Borrowed from Arabic مثنى add some! many (definite accusative manyny, plural manylar) "many" in Webonary.org From Middle English mani, from Proto-West Germanic *many 1867, "A YOLA ZONG", in SONGS, ETC. IN THE DIALECT OF FORTH AND BARGY, number 6, page 86:Many a bra draught by Tommeen was ee-maate; Many a brave stroke by Tommy was made; Jacob Poole (d. 1827) (before 1828), William Barnes, editor, A Glossary, With some Pieces of Verse, of the old Dialect of the English Colony in the Baronies of Forth and Bargy, County of Wexford, Ireland, London: J. Russell Smith, published 1867, page 86 adjective (2) noun (2) pronoun (1) a large or considerable number of persons or things. A good many of the beggars were blind. the many, the greater part of humankind.many persons or things. Many of the beggars were blind. Many were unable to attend a large number of a spronoun; functioning as plural) "Collins" (as pronoun; functioning as plural) as plural (beggars) were blind. The beggars were blind. The beggars were blind as pronoun; functioning as plural) "Collins" (beggars) were blind. The beggars were blind as pronoun; functioning as plural) "Collins" (beggars) were blind as pronoun; functioning as plural) "Collins" (beggars) were blind as pronoun; functioning as plural) "Collins" (beggars) were blind as pronoun; functioning as plural) "Collins" (beggars) were blind as pronoun; functioning as plural) "Collins" (beggars) were blind as pronoun; functioning as plural) "Collins" (beggars) were blind as pronoun; functioning as plural) "Collins" (beggars) were blind as pronoun; functioning as plural) "Collins" (beggars) were blind as pronoun; functioning as plural) "Collins" (beggars) were blind as pronoun; functioning as plural) "Collins" (beggars) were blind as pronoun; functioning as plural) "Collins" (beggars) were blind as pronoun; functioning as plural) "Collins" (beggars) were blind as pronoun; functioning as plural) "Collins" (beggars) were blind as pronoun; functioning as plural) "Collins" (beggars) were blind as pronoun; functioning as plural) "Collins" (beggars) were blind as pronoun; functioning as plural) "Collins" (beggars) were blind as pronoun; functioning as plural) "Collins" (beggars) were blind as pronoun; functioning as plural) "Collins" (beggars) were blind as pronoun; functioning as plural) "Collins" (beggars) were blind as pronoun; functioning as plural) "Collins" (beggars) were blind as pronoun; functioning as plural) "Collins" (beggars) were blind as plural) English Dictionary — Complete & Unabridged" 2012 Digital Edition © William Collins Sons & Co. Ltd. 1979, 1986 © HarperCollins Publishers 1998, 2000, 2003, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2009, 2012the majority of mankind, esp the common people Compare fewthe many are kept in ignorance while the few prosper "Collins English Dictionary — Complete & Unabridged" 2012 Digital Edition © William Collins Sons & Co. Ltd. 1979, 1986 © HarperCollins Publishers 1998, 2000, 2003, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2009, 2012Origin of many1First recorded before 900; Middle English manig, menig, akin to Old Saxon, Old High German manag, menig, Danish mange, Gothic managsOrigin of many1Old English manig; related to Old Frisian manich, Middle Dutch menech, Old High German managMany, innumerable, manifold, numerous imply the presence or succession of a large number of units. Many is a popular and common word for this idea: many times. Numerous, a more formal word, refers to a great number or to very many units: letters too numerous to mention. Innumerable denotes a number that is beyond count or, more loosely, that is extremely difficult to count: the innumerable stars in the sky. Manifold implies not only that the number is large but also that there is variety or complexity. Examples are provided to illustrate real-world usage of words in context. Any opinions expressed do not reflect the views of Dictionary.com. Jaquez scored 19 of her 29 points in the first half, leading her team to a 10-point advantage that grew to as many as 23 points in the second half. Read more on Los Angeles TimesAnd it's worth casting one's mind back to the last time the final race had so many drivers in contention. Ricard added that many European countries are also now looking to expand and modernise their own militaries, "which will present a new source of demand". Britain has a record number of young people -- many of them young people -- many of them young people -- many of the Day every day! © 2025 Dictionary.com, LLC Meanings Synonyms Sentences Amounting to or consisting of a large indefinite number (of persons or things); numerous. Relatively numerous. Relatively numerous (preceded by as, too, etc.) A large number (of persons or things); numerous. many of the workers had the flu. A collective mass of people. Democracy must balance the rights of the few against the will of the many. A great many do not understand this. An indefinite large number of: moved three times in as many years. a relatively large number of many do not understand this. An indefinite large number of many do not understand this. (of persons or things) an extremely large number (of persons or things) the same number of to read ten books in as many days be (one) too many for someone to be more, stronger, etc. than someone can defeat or successfully deal with More idioms definitions (3) The noun is from Middle English manye, *menye, from Old English manigeo, menigu ("company, multitude, host"), from Proto-Germanic *managō, *managō, *managō, *managō, *managō, *managō, *managō, ("multitude"), from Proto-Indo-European menige, menië, moniÄi, maneÄi ("many"), from Proto-Germanic *managaz ("some, much, many"), from Proto-Indo-European *monogʰo- ("many"). From Wiktionary Middle English from Old English from Old English manig menegh- in Indo-European roots From American Heritage Dictionary of American English © 2025man•y / mɛni/USA pronunciation adj., more/mɔr/USA pronunciation most /moʊst/USA pronunciation n., pron. adj. forming a large number; numerous:[before a plural noun] a day it rained. n. [countable] a large number of persons or things:[a + adjective + ~ + of the + plural noun] for many of the beggars were blind. the many, [plural* used with a plural verb] the greater part of humankind: The needs of the many outweighed the needs of the few. pron. [used with a plural verb] many persons or things: Many were unable to attend. Many of us dislike your new policies. Idioms many a time, again and again; frequently. WordReference Random House Unabridged Dictionary of American English © 2025man v (men'ē), USA pronunciation adj., more, most, n., pron. adj. constituting or forming a large number (usually fol. by a or an): For many a day it rained. n. a large or considerable number of persons or things: Many of the beggars were blind. Many were unable to attend. bef. 900; Middle English manig, menig, akin to Old Saxon, Old High German manag, akin to Old Saxon, Old High German manag, akin to O Many is a popular and common word for this idea:many times. Numerous, a more formal word, refers to a great number or to very many units: letters too numerous to mention. Innumerable denotes a number that is beyond count or, more loosely, that is extremely difficult to count: the innumerable stars in the sky. Manifold implies not only that the number is large but also that there is variety or complexity. Collins Concise English Dictionary © HarperCollins Publishers:: many /meni/ determiner sometimes preceded by a great or a good: a large number of: many coaches, many times (as pronoun; functioning as plural): many are seated alreadyfollowed by a, an, or another, and a singular noun: each of a considerable number of: many coaches, many times (as pronoun; functioning as plural): many are seated alreadyfollowed by a, an, or another, and a singular noun: each of a considerable number of: many coaches, many times (as pronoun; functioning as plural): many are seated alreadyfollowed by a, an, or another, and a singular noun: each of a considerable number of: many coaches, many times (as pronoun; functioning as plural): many are seated alreadyfollowed by a, an, or another, and a singular noun: each of a considerable number of: many coaches, many times (as pronoun; functioning as plural): many are seated alreadyfollowed by a, an, or another, and a singular noun: each of a considerable number of: many coaches, many times (as pronoun; functioning as plural): many are seated alreadyfollowed by a great or a good: a large number of: many coaches, many times (as pronoun; functioning as plural): many are seated alreadyfollowed by a, and a singular noun: each of a considerable number of: many coaches, many times (as pronoun; functioning as plural): many are seated alreadyfollowed by a great or a good: a large number of: many coaches, many times (as pronoun; functioning as plural): many are seated alreadyfollowed by a great or a good: a large number of: many coaches, many times (as pronoun; functioning as plural): many are seated alreadyfollowed by a great or a good: a large number of: many coaches, many times (as pronoun; functioning as plural): many are seated alreadyfollowed by a great or a good: a large number of: many coaches, many are seated alreadyfollowed by a great or a good: a large number of a good and a large number of a good and a large number of a good and a large number of a go manpreceded by as, too, that, etc: a great number of: as many apples as you like, too many clouds to see (as pronoun; functioning as plural): I have as many apples as you not he many = the majority of humankind, esp ordinary peopleCompare few See also more, mostEtymology: Old English manig; related to Old Frisian manich, Middle Dutch menech, Old High German manag WordReference Random House Learner's Dictionary of American English © 2025more /mor/USA pronunciation adj., [comparative of] much or many with most as superlative. in greater quantity, amount, or number: I need more money. She had more coins than I did. additional or further: Do you need more time? n. [uncountable] an additional quantity, amount, or number: I need more money. She had more coins than I did. additional or further: Do you need more time? n. [uncountable] an additional quantity, amount, or number: I need more money. She had more coins than I did. additional or further: Do you need more time? n. [uncountable] an additional quantity, amount, or number: I need more money. She had more coins than I did. additional or further: Do you need more time? n. [uncountable] an additional quantity, amount, or number: I need more money. She had more coins than I did. additional or further: Do you need more time? n. [uncountable] an additional quantity, amount, or number: I need more money. She had more coins than I did. additional or further: Do you need more time? n. [uncountable] an additional quantity, amount, or number: I need more money. She had more coins than I did. additional or further: Do you need more time? n. [uncountable] an additional quantity, amount, or number: I need more money. She had more money. She had more time? I need more money. She had more time? I need number: Would you like more? a greater quantity, amount, or degree: The price is more than I thought. Their report is more than just a survey. pron. a greater number of persons or of a specified class: [used with a plural verb] More have been injured than ever. adv., [compar. of much with most as superl.] in or to a greater extent or degree: [often used before adjectives and adverbs, and regularly before those of more than two syllables] Things have become more interesting. The car moved more slowly. in addition; further; again:Let's talk more tomorrow. Idioms more or less, to some extent; somewhat:We came to more or less the same conclusion. what is more, (used to introduce information that supports the truth of what has been said): This airline is terrible: the planes are always late and what is more, they're hot and uncomfortable. WordReference Random House Learner's Dictionary of American English © 2025most /moust/USA pronunciation adj., [superlative of] much or many with more as comparative.[before a noun] in the greatest number, amount, or degree: [before a plural noun]. [the + ~]He received the most votes.[before a plural noun] in the greatest quantity, amount, or degree: [the + ~]The most votes.[before a plural noun] in the greatest quantity, amount, or degree: [the + ~]The most votes.[before a plural noun] in the greatest quantity, amount, or degree: [the + ~]The most votes.[before a plural noun] in the greatest quantity, amount, or degree: [the + ~]The most votes.[before a plural noun] in the greatest quantity, amount, or degree: [the + ~]The most votes.[the + can hope for is a passing grade. the greatest number or greater part of what is specified: [~ + of]Most of his writing is rubbish. the greatest number: [the + ~]The most this room will seat is 150. the majority of persons: to be happier than most. Slang Terms the most, the very best of something: thought her boyfriend was the most. adv., [superl. of much with more as compar.] in or to the greatest extent or degree:[often used before adjectives and adverbs, and regularly before those of more than two syllables]most rapid; She behaved most everyone around here shops at this place. Idioms Idioms at (the) most, at the maximum: Jog for one hour at (the) most. Idioms for the most of, [~ + object] to use to greatest advantage: Make the most of your opportunities. WordReference Random House Unabridged Dictionary of American English © 2025more (môr, mōr), USA pronunciation adj., [compar. of] much [or] many [with] most [as superl.] in greater quantity, amount, measure, degree, or number: I would give you more if I had it. He likes her all the more. When I could take no more of such nonsense, I left. a greater quantity, amount, or degree: More is expected of him. The price is more than I thought. something of greater number of persons: More will attend this year than ever before. adv. [compar. of much with most as superl.] in or to a greater extent or degree (in this sense often used before adjectives and adverbs, and regularly before those of more slowly. in addition; further; longer; again:Let's talk more another time. We couldn't stand it any more. moreover. Idiomsmore and more, to an increasing extent or degree; gradually more: They became involved more and more or less familiar with the subject. Idiomsabout; in substance; approximately: We came to more or less the same conclusion. bef. 900; Middle English; Old English māra; cognate with Old High German mēro, Old Norse meiri, Gothic maiza. See most more (môr, mōr), USA pronunciation n. BiographicalHannah, 1745-1833, English writer on religious subjects. BiographicalHannah, 1745-1833, English writer on religious subjects. BiographicalHannah, 1745-1833, English writer on religious subjects. BiographicalHannah, 1745-1834, English writer on religious subjects. canonized in 1935. Mo•ré (mə rā'), USA pronunciation n. Language Varieties Mossi (def. 2). WordReference Random House Unabridged Dictionary of American English © 2025most (most), USA pronunciation adj., [superl. of much or many with more as compar.] in the greatest quantity, amount, measure, degree, or number: to win the most votes. in the majority of instances:Most operations are successful. greatest, as in size or extent:the most I can hope for is a passing grade. the greatest number or the majority of a class specified:Most of his writing is rubbish. the greatest number:The most this room will seat is 150. the majority of persons: to be more sensitive than most. Idiomsat the most of an opportunity. Slang Termsthe most of an opportunity. Slang Termsthe most advantage; utilize fully: to make the most of an opportunity. Slang Termsthe most of an opportunity. extent or degree (in this sense often used before adjectives and adverbs, and regularly before those of more than two syllables, to form superlative phrases having the same force and effect as the superlation of the same force and effect as the superlative phrases having the same force and effect as the superlative phrases having the same force and effect as the superlative phrases having the same force and effect as the superlative phrases having the same force and effect as the superlative phrases having the same force and effect as the superlative phrases having the same force and effect as the superlative phrases having the same force and effect as the superlative phrases have a superlative phrases have a superlative phrases have a superlative phrases have a superlation of the superlative phrases have a superlative phrases have a English māst; replacing Middle English mest(e), Old English mest, cognate with German meist, Gothic maists. See more 14. The adverb most, a shortened form of almost, is far from being either a recent development or an Americanism. It goes back to the 16th century in England, where it is now principally a dialect form. In American English it occurs before such pronouns as all, anyone, anybody, everyone, and everybody; the adjectives all, any, and everybody; the adjectives all, any, and everybody; the adjectives all, anyone, anybody, everyone else. You can find that plant most anywhere and everybody; the adjectives all, anyone, anybody, everyone else. You can find that plant most anywhere and everybody; the adjectives all, anyone, anybody, everyone else. You can find that plant most anywhere and everybody; the adjectives all, anyone, anybody, everyone else. You can find that plant most anywhere and everybody; the adjectives all, anyone, anybody, everyone else. You can find that plant most anywhere and everybody; the adjectives all, anyone, anybody, everyone else. You can find that plant most anywhere and everybody; the adjectives all, anyone, anybody, everyone else. You can find that plant most anywhere and everybody; the adjectives all, anyone, anybody everyone else. You can find that plant most anywhere any everybody everyone else. You can find that plant most anywhere any everybody everyone else. You can find that plant most anywhere any everybody everybody everyone else. You can find that plant most anywhere any everybody everybody everybody everybody everybody everybody. except in representations of speech. -most, a combining form of most occurring in a series of superlatives: foremost; utmost. Middle English -most; replacing Middle English forma first; compare Latin primus) + -est1; later identified with most Also found in: Thesaurus, Medical, Legal, Financial, Acronyms, Idioms, Encyclopedia, Wikipedia. Related to many: many things (měríe)adj. more (môr), most (most) 1. Amounting to or consisting of a large indefinite number: many things (men'e)adj. more (môr), most (most) 1. Amounting to or consisting of a large indefinite number: many things (men'e)adj. more (môr), most (most) 1. Amounting to or consisting of a large indefinite number: many things (men'e)adj. more (most) 1. Amounting to or consisting of a large indefinite number: many things (men'e)adj. more (most) 1. Amounting to or consisting of a large indefinite number: many things (men'e)adj. more (most) 1. Amounting to or consisting of a large indefinite number: many things (men'e)adj. more (most) 1. Amounting to or consisting of a large indefinite number: many things (men'e)adj. more (most) 1. Amounting to or consisting of a large indefinite number: many things (men'e)adj. more (most) 1. Amounting to or consisting of a large indefinite number: many things (men'e)adj. more (most) 1. Amounting to or consisting of a large indefinite number: many things (most) 1. Amounting to or consisting of a large indefinite number: many things (men'e)adj. more (most) 1. Amounting to or consisting of a large indefinite number: many things (most) 1. Amounting many fail, the one succeeds" (Tennyson).2. A large indefinite number: A good many of the workers had the flu.pron. (used with a pl. verb) A large number of: moved three times in as many years. American Heritage® Dictionary of the English Language, Fifth Edition. Copyright © 2016 by Houghton Mifflin Harcourt Publishing Company. Published by Houghton Mifflin Harcourt Publishing Company. All rights reserved. ('mɛnɪ) determiner1. a. a large number of: many coaches; many times. b. (as pronoun; functioning as plural): many are seated already. 2. (foll by: a, an, or another, and a singular noun) each of a considerable number of: many a man. 3. a. a great number of: as many apples as you like; too many clouds to see. b. (as pronoun; functioning as plural): I have as many apples as you like; too many clouds to see. b. (as pronoun; functioning as plural): I have as many apples as you like; too many clouds to see. b. (as pronoun; functioning as plural): I have as many apples as you. nthe many are kept in ignorance while the few prosper. Compare few7[Old English manig; related to Old Frisian manich, Middle Dutch menech, Old English manig; related to Old Frisian manich, Middle Dutch menech, Old English manig; related to Old Frisian manich, Middle Dutch menech, Old English manig; related to Old Frisian manich, Middle Dutch menech, Old English manig; related to Old English manig; related to Old Frisian manich, Middle Dutch menech, Old English manig; related to Old English manig; relate High German manag]Collins English Dictionary - Complete and Unabridged, 12th Edition 2014 © HarperCollins Publishers 1991, 1994, 1998, 2000, 2003, 2006, 2007, 2009, 2011, 2014 ('men i) adj. more, most, n., pron. adj. 1. constituting or forming a large number; numerous: many people. 2. noting each one of a large number (usu. fol. by a or an): For many a day it rained. n. 3. a large or considerable number of persons or things: A good many of the beggars were blind. 4. the many, the greater part of humankind. pron. 5. many persons or things: Many were unable to attend. Idioms: many a time, again and again; frequently. [before 900; Old English manig, menig, c. Old High German manag, menig, old Norse many] syn: many, the greater part of humankind. pron. 5. many persons or things: Many were unable to attend. Idioms: many a time, again and again; frequently. numerous, innumerable, manifold imply the presence of a large number of units and separate quality of the units or individuals: many years ago; many friends and supporters. numerous, a more formal word, stresses the individuals: many years ago; many friends and supporters. is too large to be counted or, more loosely, that is very difficult to count: the innumerable stars. manifold implies that the number is large, but also varied or complex: manifold responsibilities. Random House, Inc. All rights reserved. a large number; a company; multitude of people: the many, 1688. Dictionary of Collective Nouns and Group Terms. Copyright 2008 The Gale Group, Inc. All rights reserved. 1. 'many' used in front of a plural nounYou use many immediately in front of the plural form of a noun to talk about a large number of people or things. Many young people worry about their weight. Her music is popular in many countries. In positive statements, 'many' is slightly formal, and a lot of people agree with this view. In questions and negative statements, many is usually used rather than 'a lot of people or things in a particular group, you use many of in front of a plural pronoun, or in front of a plural noun phrase beginning with the, these, those, or a possessive such as my or their. Many of the plants had been killed by cold weather. Many of the plants had been killed by cold weather. Many of the plants had been killed by cold weather. Many of the plants had been killed by cold weather. Many of the plants had been killed by cold weather. Many of the plants had been killed by cold weather. Many of the plants had been killed by cold weather. Many of the plants had been killed by cold weather. Many of the plants had been killed by cold weather. refer to a large group of people or things. This is a fairly formal use. Many have asked themselves whether this was the right thing to do. Be Careful! Don't use 'many of' before an uncountable noun, to talk about a large quantity or amount of something. Use much or much of. 4. 'many more'You can use many with more to emphasize the difference in size between two groups of people or things. I have many more friends here than I did in my home town. We have had many more problems recently than before. Collins COBUILD English Usage @ HarperCollins Publishers 1992, 2004, 2011, 2012 Adj. 1. many - a quantifier that can be used with count nouns and is often preceded by `as' or `too' or `so' or `that'; amounting to a large but indefinite number; "many temptations"; "the temptations"; "the temptations are many"; "a good many"; "a great many"; "a great many"; "a great many"; "take as many apples as you like"; "too many temptations"; "the temptations"; "the temptations are many"; "a great many"; "a great many"; "a great many"; "more than one"some - quantifier; used with either mass nouns or plural count nouns to indicate an unspecified number; "a few weeks ago"; more wagons than usual"; "an invalid's pleasures are few and far between"; "few roses were still blooming"; "few roses were still bl (informal), profuse, multifarious, multifudinous, multitudinous, m office.Collins Thesaurus of the English Language - Complete and Unabridged 2nd Edition. 2002 © HarperCollins Publishers 1995, 2002adjective The American Heritage® Roget's Thesaurus. Copyright © 2013, 2014 by Houghton Mifflin Harcourt Publishing Company. All rights reserved. كَثَيْرِكَثِيْرِكَثِيْرِكَثِيْرِكَثِيْرِ كَثِيرُ كَثِيرً كَثِيرً كَثِيرً كَثِيرً كَثِيرً كَثِيرً كَثِيرُ كَثِيرُ كَثِيرً كُتُورٍ مُعَلِيرًا عَبْدَا عَلَيْكُ مِنْ عَدِيرًا عَدِيرًا عَبْدَا عَلَيْكُ مِنْ عَدِيرً عَدَلَا عَلَيْكُ مِنْ عَدِيرًا عَلَيْكُ عَدْمًا عَلَيْكُ عَدْمًا عَلَيْكُ عَالِهُ عَلَيْكُ عَدْمًا عَلَيْكُ عَدْمُ عَا flies \rightarrow tantas moscasever so many people \rightarrow la mar de gente, tantísimas personasmany a time I've seen him act, many's the time I've seen him act, many's the time I've seen him act, many of them came \rightarrow muchos/asmany of them came \rightarrow muchos (de ellos) vinieronhe has as many as I have \rightarrow tiene tantos como yohe has three times as many as I have \rightarrow tiene tres veces más que yothere were as many as 100 at the meeting \rightarrow acistieron a la reunión hasta cien personasas many again \rightarrow otros tantoshow many there are! \rightarrow cuántos hay?how many there are! \rightarrow cuántos hay?how many there are! \rightarrow cuántos hay?how many there are there? \rightarrow cuántos hay?how many there are! $many\ came \rightarrow vinieron\ pocosC.\ N\ the\ many \rightarrow la\ mayoría Collins\ Spanish\ Dictionary\ - Complete\ and\ Unabridged\ 8th\ Edition\ 2005\ @\ William\ Collins\ Spanish\ Dictionary\ - Complete\ and\ Unabridged\ 8th\ Edition\ 2005\ @\ William\ Collins\ Spanish\ Dictionary\ - Complete\ and\ Unabridged\ 8th\ Edition\ 2005\ @\ William\ Collins\ Spanish\ Dictionary\ - Complete\ and\ Unabridged\ 8th\ Edition\ 2005\ @\ William\ Collins\ Spanish\ Dictionary\ - Complete\ and\ Unabridged\ 8th\ Edition\ 2005\ @\ William\ Collins\ Spanish\ Dictionary\ - Complete\ and\ Unabridged\ 8th\ Edition\ 2005\ @\ William\ Collins\ Spanish\ Dictionary\ - Complete\ and\ Unabridged\ 8th\ Edition\ 2005\ @\ William\ Collins\ Spanish\ Dictionary\ - Complete\ and\ Unabridged\ 8th\ Edition\ 2005\ @\ William\ Collins\ Spanish\ Dictionary\ - Complete\ and\ Unabridged\ 8th\ Edition\ 2005\ @\ William\ Collins\ Spanish\ Dictionary\ - Complete\ and\ Unabridged\ 8th\ Edition\ 2005\ @\ William\ Collins\ Spanish\ Dictionary\ - Complete\ and\ Unabridged\ 8th\ Edition\ 2005\ and\ Dictionary\ - Complete\ Diction$ (Menschen or Leute); she has many \rightarrow sie hat viele (davon); there were as many again \rightarrow noch einmal so viele; they are just so many cowards \rightarrow das sind lauter Feiglinge; there's one too many \rightarrow einer ist zu viel; he's had one too many (inf) \rightarrow er hat einen zu viel or einen über den Durst getrunken (inf); they were too many for us \rightarrow sie waren zu viel or einen über den Durst getrunken (inf); they were too many \rightarrow er hat einen Fehler zu viel gemacht; a good/great many houses \rightarrow eine (ganze) Reihe or Anzahl Häuser; many a good soldier \rightarrow so mancher gute Soldat; many a time \rightarrow so manches Mal; she waited many a long year (liter) \rightarrow sie wartete gar manches Mal gehört n the many \rightarrow die (große) Masse: many-coloured, (US) many-coloured Collins German Dictionary - Complete and Unabridged 7th Edition 2005. © William Collins Sons & Co. Ltd. 1980 © HarperCollins Publishers 1991, 1997, 1999, 2004, 2005, 2007 ['mɛnɪ] adj & pron \to molti/e, tanti/etoo many difficulties \to troppe difficulties \to troppe difficulties \to troppe difficulties \to troppe difficulties \to molti/e, tanti/etoo many books \to (così) tanti librimany people \to molti/e, tanti/etoo many difficulties \to troppe difficulties \to tro were as many as 100 at the meeting \rightarrow alla riunione c'erano ben 100 personemany a man \rightarrow più d'uno, moltimany a time \rightarrow più voltehe has as many as I have \rightarrow ne ha tanti quanti ne ho iothere's one too many \rightarrow due volte tantoa good or great many houses \rightarrow moltissime case, un gran numero di casehow many? \rightarrow quanti/e?how many people? \rightarrow quanti gente?, quante persone?there are too many of them came \rightarrow molti di loro sono venutiCollins Italian Dictionary 1st Edition © HarperCollins Publishers 1995 ('meni) - comparative more (mo:): superlative most (moust) – adjective a great number of. Many languages are spoken in Africa; There weren't very many people; You've made a great/good many mistakes. baie איים, בול שור monia beaucoup הרבה monos, velik broj sok banyak margir molti, molte 多くの daugelis, daugybė daudz banyak marg- multi- 多 - daugia- daudz- banyak veel- mange-, fler- wielo- کثیرون، عَدَد کَبیر multi- cu mai multe много- mnoho- več... više- mång- [] cok ... (-li) 多...的(前綴) багато- کثیرون، عَدَد کَبیر (từ ghép) nhiều 多...的(前綴) много muitas (vezes) mnoho des öfteren mange πολλοί muchos mitu višestruko sok, számos banyak (fjöl)margur, margoft parecchie 数々の , daug daudz banyak menigmang enwiele کئی بار muitas (vezes) de mai multe много veľakrát mnog mnogo mången שير زيات pek çok, birçok 許多的many means a great number (of): many cars ; Some are full, but many are empty . much means a great amount (of): many cars (of): ma effort; She doesn't say much . Kernerman English Multilingual Dictionary © 2006-2013 K Dictionaries Ltd. → בֿיבל, كُثِيرُ رُ كُثِيرُ (mnoho mange viele moλλοί muchos moni beaucoup, nombreux mnogi molti 多くの, 多数 []], (I) veel mange, mye liczni, wiele muitos много många [] veel mange muitos много många [] veel mange muitos много många [] veel mange muitos много många [] veel muitos много många [] veel mange muitos muito pron. muchos-as; tantos, tantas; a great — muchos, muchas; as — as — tantos-as como, igual número de. English-Spanish Medical Dictionary © Farlex 2012 adj (comp more; super most) muchos; many times...muchas vecesEnglish-Spanish Medical Dictionary © Farlex 2012 adj (comp more; super most) muchos; many times...muchas vecesEnglish-Spanish Medical Dictionary © Farlex 2012 adj (comp more; super most) muchos; many times...muchas vecesEnglish-Spanish Medical Dictionary © Farlex 2012 adj (comp more; super most) muchos; many times...muchas vecesEnglish-Spanish Medical Dictionary © Farlex 2012 adj (comp more; super most) muchos; many times...muchas vecesEnglish-Spanish Medical Dictionary © Farlex 2012 adj (comp more; super most) muchos; many times...muchas vecesEnglish-Spanish Medical Dictionary © Farlex 2012 adj (comp more; super most) muchos; many times...muchas vecesEnglish-Spanish Medical Dictionary © Farlex 2012 adj (comp more; super most) muchos; many times...muchas vecesEnglish-Spanish Medical Dictionary © Farlex 2012 adj (comp more; super most) muchos; many times...muchas vecesEnglish-Spanish Medical Dictionary © Farlex 2012 adj (comp more; super most) muchos; many times...muchas vecesEnglish-Spanish Medical Dictionary © Farlex 2012 adj (comp more; super most) muchos; many times...muchas vecesEnglish-Spanish Medical Dictionary © Farlex 2012 adj (comp more; super most) muchos; many times...muchas vecesEnglish Medical Dictionary © Farlex 2012 adj (comp more; super most) muchos; many times...muchas vecesEnglish Medical Dictionary © Farlex 2012 adj (comp more; super most) muchos; many times...muchas vecesEnglish Medical Dictionary © Farlex 2012 adj (comp more; super most) muchos; many times...muchas vecesEnglish Medical Dictionary © Farlex 2012 adj (comp more; super most) muchos; many times...muchas vecesEnglish Medical Dictionary © Farlex 2012 adj (comp more; super most) muchos; many times...muchos; many times...muchos; many times...muchos; many times...muchos; many times...muchos; many times...muchos; many times... 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