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Pearl academy of fashion delhi

Pearl Academy Delhi is a renowned institution in the field of fashion designing. Established in 1993, it offers various programs across different regions. Admission to the college can be secured through the Pearl Academy Entrance Exam and Design Aptitude Test. The institute has established itself as one of the top institutions by ranking high in diverse fields. The highest package offered to graduates is INR 20.27 LPA, with the second-highest being INR 17 LPA. Top employers of the institute include Accenture, Capgemini, Flipkart, and TCS. Graduates can expect great career opportunities at Pearl Academy Delhi. To get admission, one needs to pass the college entrance exam, which includes General Proficiency Test (GPT), Design Aptitude Test (DAT), personal interview round, and portfolio presentation. The institute is known for providing diversified courses in fashion design, product design, communication design, interior design, film and gaming. for its handling of sexual violence? ... that a court-appointed receiver for a California TV station noted that the business was similarly managed to some of the most poorly run companies he'd seen? ... that stage director Tina Packer has cast Black and Asian actors in traditional White Shakespearean roles? ... that kakā birds damage Nothofagus menziesii trees while searching for pūriri moth larvae? ... that priests were secretly buried at St Catherine's Chapel, Lydiate, after it fell into disrepair? ... that Hamengkubuwono III was appointed crown prince of Yogyakarta while his father remained crown prince? Gina Hamilton 1426年，英国国王亨利六世召集英格兰议会，指示其成员在2月18日在莱斯特开会。1月13日，荷兰的伯爵根特与阿尔及利亚的哈伊姆图克公爵（Jacqueline, Countess of Hainaut）的军队在北方之间发生了战斗。2月8日，明朝中国开始新的时期——世宗之世，这是康宗的第一年。1月7日，英格兰与东列塔尼亚王国和法国签署战略协议。2月18日，英格兰议会在莱斯特开幕，由亨利六世主持，议员们不允许带剑，只允许使用木棍保护自己。这次会议在议长Richard Vernon的支持下开始。3月6日，在法国诺曼底地区的Avranches附近发生了Battle of St. James。4月22日，奥斯曼帝国与塞尔维亚公国之间的第二次苏塔里战役结束。5月16日，在英格兰，议会会议闭幕。这次会议为英国国王亨利六世颁发了一些法律，其中包括允许不再改变因为后来的被封为骑士的人的诉讼，以及允许所有国民自由运输粮食。6月1日，英格兰议会会议结束。6月16日，在德意志同盟军中发生了Battle of Aussig。这场战斗让德意志同盟军在第四次反对 Hussite 的战争中被击败，并在第二天消灭了Aussig（现在的Ústí nad Labem）市。7月7日，塞浦路斯王国被埃及穆斯林人俘虏。On August 16, 829 AH (November 7, 1429 CE), Barakat ibn Hasan was confirmed as the new Emir of Mecca by the Egyptian Sultan Barsbay, but only after he paid off his brother's outstanding debt. Barakat then took over the role from his brother Abu al-Qasim on September 17. In other news: * The Uckermark War between Brandenburg and Mecklenburg came to an end with a treaty signed in October. * A major victory was won by Vietnamese rebels led by General Nguyễn Xi against the Chinese army at the Battle of Tot Dong and Chuc Dong. * In Europe, a peace treaty was signed between Venice and Milan, which required Milan to relinquish control of Brescia and Vercelli to Venice. Notable deaths in 1429 included Eleanor of Navarre, Christian of Oldenburg, Anne Neville, Maria of Cleves, Johann IV Roth, John II, Duke of Bourbon, Thomas Hoccleve, Kale Kye-Taung Nyo, Hubert van Eyck, Elizabeth of Lancaster, and Pippo Spano. The 14th century began on January 1, 1301, and ended on December 31, 1400. This period was marked by significant events that shaped world history. In Europe, the devastating Black Death killed an estimated 25 million people, leaving one-third of the population dead. The Hundred Years' War between England and France also took place during this time, while the Italian Renaissance began to flourish. In Asia, Tamerlane established the Timurid Empire, which became the third-largest empire in history. Scholars estimate that Tamerlane's military campaigns resulted in the deaths of 17 million people, equivalent to about 5% of the world population at the time. Meanwhile, the Arab world saw significant contributions from historians and explorers like Ibn Khaldun and Ibn Battuta. In India, the Bengal Sultanate broke away from the Delhi Sultanate, becoming a major trading power. The Mongol Empire also underwent significant changes during this period, as their court was driven out of China and retreated to Mongolia. The Ilkhanate collapsed, marking the end of a significant era in Asian history. Overall, the 14th century was a time of great upheaval and transformation that had far-reaching consequences for world politics, culture, and society. Note: I removed some of the extraneous information, such as birth-death lists, to focus on the main events and themes of the 14th century. During this time period, the Chaghatayid empire crumbled into two parts, and the Golden Horde's influence in Eastern Europe significantly waned. In Africa, the Mali Empire reached its zenith under Mansa Musa I, who was arguably one of the wealthiest individuals in recorded history. The Mexica civilization established Tenochtitlan, while the Cahokia city in North America faced abandonment. Climate change played a pivotal role, as the Little Ice Age brought cooler temperatures to Europe and North America between 1300 and 1850, leading to shortened growing seasons, reduced crop yields, and subsequent famines. Notable events include the execution of Jacques de Molay, the last Templar grand master, in 1314. In Asia, King Jayanegara ascended to power in Majapahit in 1309, marking the beginning of the Avignon papacy's transfer of the papal seat from Italy to France. The Great Famine of 1315-1317 claimed millions of lives across Europe. An Italian friar named Mattiussi documented his travels to Sumatra and Java between 1318 and 1330. Poland unified under Wladyslaw I in 1320, while Malietoaifaiga abolished cannibalism in Tutuila (present-day American Samoa) in 1323. The Mexica built Tenochtitlan again in 1325, after being forced out of previous settlements. Tribhuwana Wijayatunggadewi succeeded Jayanegara as ruler of Majapahit in 1328. Wang Dayuan, a Chinese traveler, explored Luzon and Mindanao between 1328 and 1333. By the end of this period, the Mongol Empire's successor states had formed: the Ilkhanate, Golden Horde, Yuan dynasty, and Chagatai Khanate. 1347-1382 significant historical events summary 1385: In Egypt, a new dynasty emerges. In Portugal and Castile, they fight over independence. A union is formed in Poland and Lithuania. 1389: The Serbs face the Ottoman Turks at Kosovo; their leaders are killed. In India, Wikramawardhana becomes ruler of Majapahit. In the winter of 1397-98, Timur defeats a sultan in Delhi. Pogroms against Jews spread in Spain and Portugal. A new dynasty is established in Korea. 1392: The Joseon Dynasty begins; the Japanese emperor steps down to end a civil war. In Europe, a large army is defeated at Nicopolis by the Ottomans. A kingdom forms between Norway, Sweden, and Denmark. The Kalmar Union comes into existence. In Mexico, Chimalpopoca starts his rule as ruler of Tenochtitlan. 1399: The emperor's nephew is overthrown in China. A period of climate change begins. Bengal was a major producer and exporter of various goods, including grain, salt, fruit, liquor, wine, precious metals, and ornaments. Its handlooms produced high-quality silk and cotton fabrics. Bengal was considered one of the richest countries to trade with by Europeans. The program offers a range of courses and certifications in fashion design, including Bachelor's and Master's degrees in various fields such as fashion design, styling, communication, interior design, product design, game design, and extended reality. The fees for these programs vary, with some options starting at ₹82,000 (approximately \$1,100 USD) per semester. The list also includes Short-Term Certificates in areas such as fashion buying and merchandising, personal styling, image consultancy, and interior styling. The fees for these certificates range from ₹65,400 to ₹1,82,370 (approximately \$900-\$25,000 USD). In addition, the program offers MBA degrees in fashion and lifestyle business management, global luxury brand management, and other related fields. The following are the programs and their corresponding fees at Pearl Academy: **Undergraduate Programs** * B. Des in Fashion Design (82,000) * B. Des in Communication Design (82,000) * B. Des in Interior Architectural Design (82,000) * BBA in Fashion and Lifestyle Business Management (82,000) **Master's Degree Programs** * M. Des in Fashion Design (2,84,600) * M. Des in Fashion Styling (2,84,600) * M. Des in Fashion Communication (2,84,600) * MBA in Fashion and Lifestyle Business Management (2,84,600) **Specialized Programs** * Short-Term Certificate in Filmmaking (35,000) * Short-Term Certificate in Game Design and Virtual Production (with Unreal Engine) (35,000) * Short-Term Certificate in Animation and VFX (35,000) * Short-Term Certificate in Photography (35,000) **Important Notes** * Fees will increase annually for subsequent years. * All applicants are eligible for scholarship based on their performance in the entrance exam. * No Cost EMI is available for short-term certificate courses. * Application fee charges once paid are non-refundable.